

Zone	Locations	Maximum Densities / Intensities			Req'd Open Land ³	Additional Criteria	
		Residential (du/ac) ¹	Other Uses (people/ac) ²			Prohibited Uses ⁴	Other Development Conditions ⁵
			Average ⁶	Single Acre ⁷			
A	Runway Protection Zone and within Building Restriction Line	0	0	0	All Remaining	= All structures except ones with location set by aeronautical function = Assemblages of people = Objects exceeding FAR Part 77 height limits = Storage of hazardous materials = Hazards to flight ⁸	= Mostly on existing or future airport property or other public lands = Avigation easement dedication on remainder
B1	Inner Approach/Departure Zone	0.05 (average parcel size ≥20.0 ac.)	40	80	30%	= Children's schools, day care centers, libraries = Hospitals, nursing homes = Buildings with >2 habitable floors above ground = Highly noise-sensitive uses (e.g., outdoor theaters) = Aboveground bulk storage of hazardous materials ⁹ = Critical community infrastructure facilities ¹⁰ = Hazards to flight ⁸	= Locate structures maximum distance from extended runway centerline = Minimum NLR of 25 dB in residences (including mobile homes) and office buildings ¹¹ = Airspace review required for objects >35 feet tall ¹² = Avigation easement dedication
B2	Adjacent to Runway	0.05 (average parcel size ≥20.0 ac.)	100	200	No Req't	Same as Zone B1	= Locate structures maximum distance from runway = Minimum NLR of 25 dB in residences (including mobile homes) and office buildings ¹¹ = Airspace review required for objects >35 feet tall ¹² = Avigation easement dedication
C	Extended Approach/Departure Zone	0.2 (average parcel size ≥5.0 ac.)	75	150	20%	= Children's schools, libraries, day care centers = Hospitals, nursing homes = Buildings with >3 habitable floors above ground = Highly noise-sensitive uses (e.g., outdoor theaters) = Hazards to flight ⁸	= Minimum NLR of 20 dB in residences (including mobile homes) and office buildings ¹¹ = Airspace review required for objects >50 feet tall = Overflight easement required
D	Primary Traffic Patterns	See Policy 3.1.3(b)	100 ¹³	300 ¹³	10%	= Highly noise-sensitive uses = Hazards to flight ⁸	= Airspace review required for objects >100 feet tall = Overflight easement required = Children's schools, hospitals, nursing homes discouraged ¹⁴
E	Other Airport Environs	No Limit	No Limit ¹⁵	No	No Req't	= Hazards to flight ⁸	= Airspace review required for objects >100 feet tall = Major spectator-oriented sports stadiums, amphitheaters, concert halls discouraged beneath principal flight tracks ¹⁵
*	Height Review Overlay	Same as Underlying Compatibility Zone			Not Applicable	Same as Underlying Compatibility Zone	= Airspace review required for objects >35 feet tall ¹² = Avigation easement dedication

Table 2A

Basic Compatibility Criteria

NOTES:

- ¹ Residential development must not contain more than the indicated number of dwelling units (excluding secondary units) per gross acre. Clustering of units is encouraged. See Policy 4.2.5 for limitations. Gross acreage includes the property at issue plus a share of adjacent roads and any adjacent, permanently dedicated, open lands. Mixed-use development in which residential uses are proposed to be located in conjunction with nonresidential uses in the same or adjoining buildings on the same site shall be treated as nonresidential development. See Policy 3.1.3(d).
- ² Usage intensity calculations shall include all people (e.g., employees, customers/visitors, etc.) who may be on the property at a single point in time, whether indoors or outside.
- ³ Open land requirements are intended to be applied with respect to an entire zone. This is typically accomplished as part of a community general plan or a specific plan, but may also apply to large (10 acres or more) development projects. See Policy 4.2.4 for definition of open land.
- ⁴ The uses listed here are ones which are explicitly prohibited regardless of whether they meet the intensity criteria. In addition to these explicitly prohibited uses, other uses will normally not be permitted in the respective compatibility zones because they do not meet the usage intensity criteria.
- ⁵ As part of certain real estate transactions involving residential property within any compatibility zone (that is, anywhere within an airport influence area), information regarding airport proximity and the existence of aircraft overflights must be disclosed. This requirement is set by state law. See Policy 4.4.2 for details. Easement dedication requirements indicated for specific compatibility zones apply only to new development.
- ⁶ The total number of people permitted on a project site at any time, except rare special events, must not exceed the indicated usage intensity times the gross acreage of the site. Rare special events are ones (such as an air show at the airport) for which a facility is not designed and normally not used and for which extra safety precautions can be taken as appropriate.
- ⁷ Clustering of nonresidential development is permitted. However, no single acre of a project site shall exceed the indicated number of people per acre. See Policy 4.2.5 for details.
- ⁸ Hazards to flight include physical (e.g., tall objects), visual, and electronic forms of interference with the safety of aircraft operations. Land use development that may cause the attraction of birds to increase is also prohibited. See Policy 4.3.7 for details.
- ⁹ Storage of aviation fuel and other aviation-related flammable materials on the airport is exempted from this criterion. Storage of up to 6,000 gallons of nonaviation flammable materials is also exempted. See Policy 4.2.3(c) for details.
- ¹⁰ Critical community facilities include power plants, electrical substations, and public communications facilities. See Policy 4.2.3(d) for details.
- ¹¹ NLR = Noise Level Reduction, the outside-to-inside sound level attenuation that the structure provides. See Policy 4.1.6 for details.
- ¹² Objects up to 35 feet in height are permitted. However, the Federal Aviation Administration may require marking and lighting of certain objects. See Policy 4.3.6 for details.
- ¹³ See Policy 3.4 for a site-specific exception to these limits.
- ¹⁴ See Policy 4.2.3(e) for explanation of term “discouraged.”
- ¹⁵ Although no explicit upper limit on usage intensity is defined for *Zone E*, land uses of the types listed—uses that attract very high concentrations of people in confined areas—are discouraged in locations below or near the principal arrival and departure flight tracks. See Policy 4.2.3(e) for explanation of term “discouraged.” This limitation notwithstanding, no use shall be prohibited in *Zone E* if its usage intensity is such that it would be permitted in *Zone D*.

Table 2A, continued